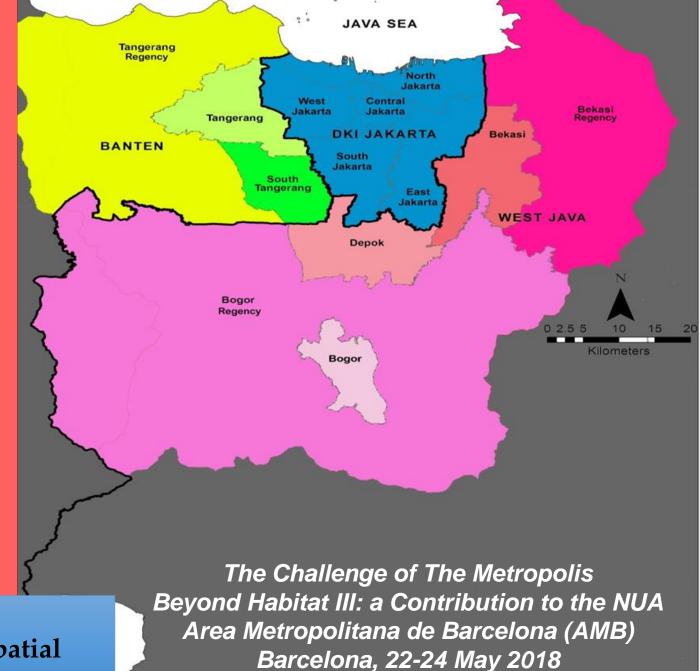
Metropolitan Proposals for an Exhausted World

Implementing
Collaborative Governance
through Grand Design:
Towards Jakarta without 'Silos'





Oswar M. Mungkasa
Deputy Governor of Jakarta for Spatial
Planning and Environment,

Big Issue: Urbanization?





- Jakarta is Home to ± 10 million people in the night time and ± 12 million people in the day time.
- Greater Jakarta Metropolitan
 Area (Jakarta, Bogor, Depok,
 Tangerang and Bekasi), is the
 second largest city area in the
 world after Tokyo, with a
 population of 30,214,303
 inhabitants as of 2010 census.
- urban population In Indonesia,
 has reached 60 percent.
- That's why Jakarta have to make an extra services for citizen





					1.75	
Pulau	People (000)		Scale of Nation (%)		Population Density (/km²)	
	2010	2045	2010	2045	2010	2045
Sumatera	50.860	72.407	21%	23%	106	151
Jawa – Bali	140.941	176.177	59%	55%	1.042	1.303
Nusa Tenggara	9.222	13.701	4%	4%	137	204
Kalimantan	13.851	22.159	6%	7%	25	41
Sulawesi	17.437	23.967	7%	8%	92	127
Maluku – Papua	6.207	10.277	3%	3%	13	21

Tier 1 – Metropolitan > 1,000,000

Tier 2 – Large City 500,000 – 1,000,000

Tier 3 – Medium City 100,000 – 500,000

Tier 4 – Small City < 100,000

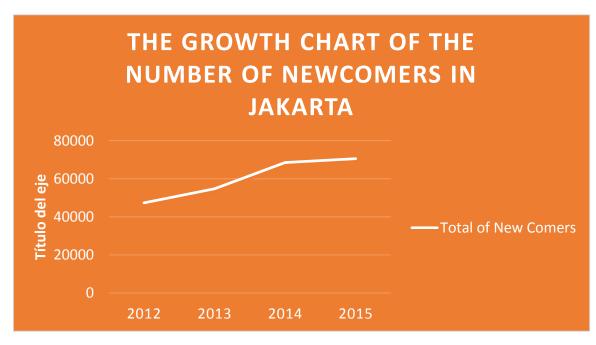
Source: World Bank, 2015

Data of Jakarta Related to Urbanization!!!



as a city dominated by Moslem, we **always commemorate the Eid Mubarak/Lebaran** every year. **Mudik** is an example of national culture that transcends Islamic culture

It has been a common practice for city workers or dwellers going to village to celebrate the Lebaran festivities and returning to cities with one or several friends in tow, all set to try their luck



Year	Homecoming	Reverse	Total of New	
	Flow	Flow	Comers	
2012	6004344	6052176	47382	
2013	6442205	6496962	54757	
2014	3616744	3685281	68537	
2015	6544631	6615135	70504	

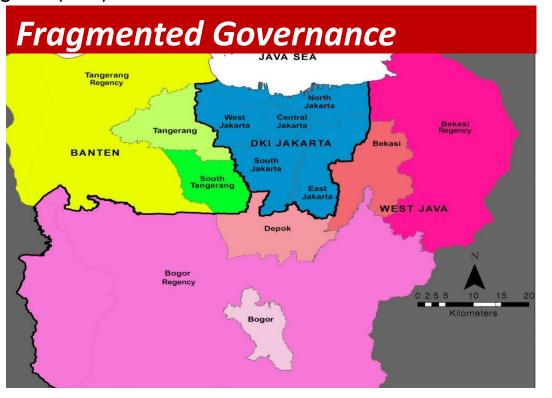
Source: Disdukcapil DKI Jakarta

"The Problem is Most of the migrant doesn't have any skill to do the job".

The Challenge

MAP OF JAKARTA METROPOLITAN AREA

related to New Urban Agenda (NUA)



- Jakarta consists of five municipalities, headed by a
 Mayor and Regent. They are chosen by the governor of
 Jakarta with their authority limited to administrative.
- Jakarta led by Governor, while surrounding municipalities led by Mayor or Regent. Also, there are 2 surrounding provinces headed by Governor.



Legends



Special Province of Jakarta (Led By Governor)

Province of West Java (Led By Governor)



Bogor Regency

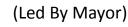
(Led By Head of Regency)



Bogor City (Led By Mayor)



Depok City





Bekasi Regency

(Led By Head of Regency)



Bekasi City

(Led By Mayor)

Province of Banten (Led By Governor)



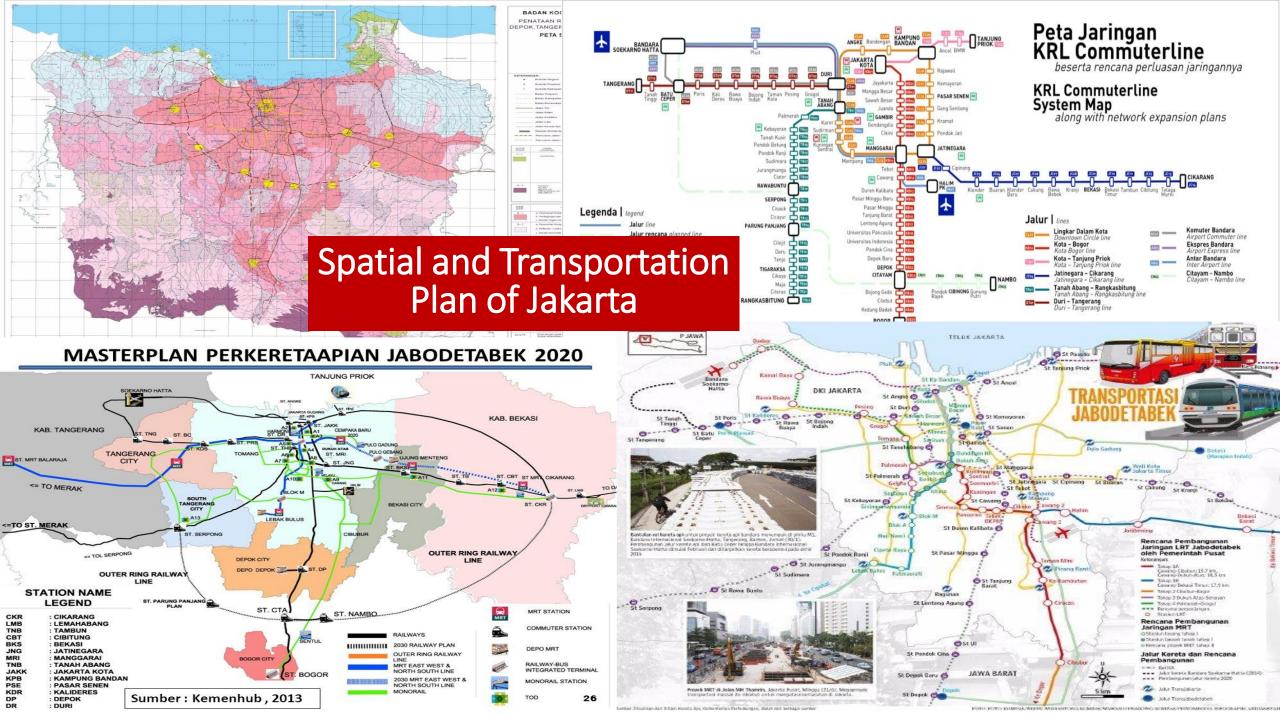
Tangerang Regency (Led By Head of Regency)



Tangerang City (Led By Mayor)



South Tangerang City (Led By Mayor)



The Challenge

related to New Urban Agenda (NUA)?

is known as Government
Cooperation Board which aims to foster
patterns of population settlements and the
spread of employment opportunities more
evenly on the basis of government policy, as
well as the harmonization of regional
development planning JABODETABEKPUNJUR.

- Since 2010, DKI Provincial Government has provided grant for flood handling in some districts or municipalities in the area around Jakarta through BKSP Jabodetabekpunjur
- The grant also for development in health, education, sanitation, synchronization of Jabodetabekjur spatial structure, flood control, and waste management.

BKSP Performance is still Not Optimal

 BKSP fails to function due to structural constraints → the Head of BKSP does not have the authority to coordinate various agencies in JABODETABEKPUNJUR region.

WHY?

- BKSP activities overlap with some of the activities of other government agencies
- There is no clarity of BKSP's role to control Development Planning Agency at Sub-National Level (BAPPEDA)

Fragmented Government

related to **New Urban Agenda (NUA)**?

BPTJ is known as Transport

Management Agency JABODETABEK which aims to coordinate all the components that work in transportation system of JABODETABEK.

- **BPTJ Targeting the increase in** Public Transport Users to **Reach 60%** by 2029 through:
 - enhancing integration between modes
 - making Transit Oriented Development (TOD), and electronic ticketing.
 - Construction of public transport infrastructure such as MRT, LRT and Double-double track that can reduce the travel time
 - improve policy in public transport through the coordination and implementation of the Jabodetabek Transport Master Plan (RITJ).





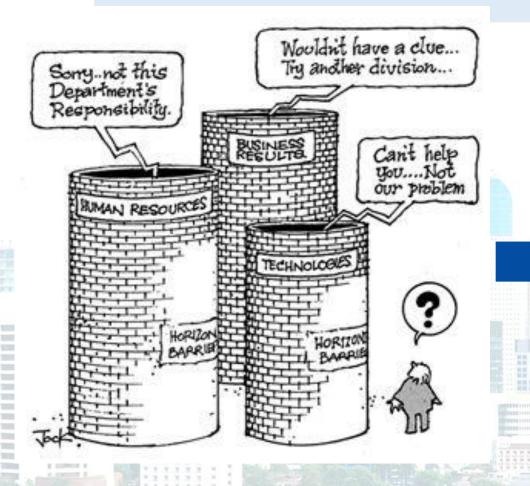
- BPTJ fail to function due to regulations authority → the absence of regulations covering transport authority
- There is still lack of coordination between BPTJ, urban planning and transportation agency related to JABODETABEK transportation arrangement in the future

Fragmented Government



Metropolitan Jakarta: Challenges

Working in "silos"



Source: www.gliffy.com

Incomprehensive solution



Solutions: Implementing Collaborative Governance

- Governance is a broader concept than government and also includes the roles played by the community sector and the private sector in managing and planning countries, regions and cities.
- Collaborative Governance involves the government, community and private sectors communicating
 with each other and working together to achieve more than any one sector could achieve on its own.
- Collaborative governance covers both the informal and formal relationships in problem solving and decision-making.
- Collaborative Governance requires three things, namely:
 - ✓ The support identifies the policy problem to be fixed.
 - ✓ The leadership gathers the sectors into a forum.
 - ✓ the members of the forum collaborate to develop policies, solutions and answers.
- The output of the collaborative governance is a Grand Design as Consensus Document which comprises of (i) Vision; (ii) Mission; (iii) Main Issues; (iv) Main Target; (iv) Policy and Strategy; (v) Road Map; and (vi) Action Plan.

The Solutions

What do Jakarta Really Need (The Most) related to NUA

COLLABORATIVE Governance

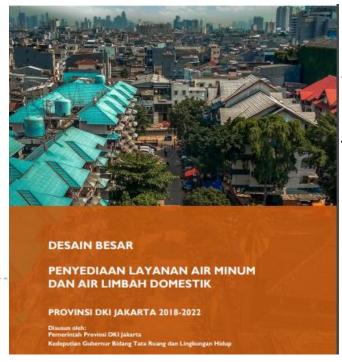


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 Grand Design and Partnership with external agency will be very important.

GRAND DESIGN METROPOLITAN JAKARTA



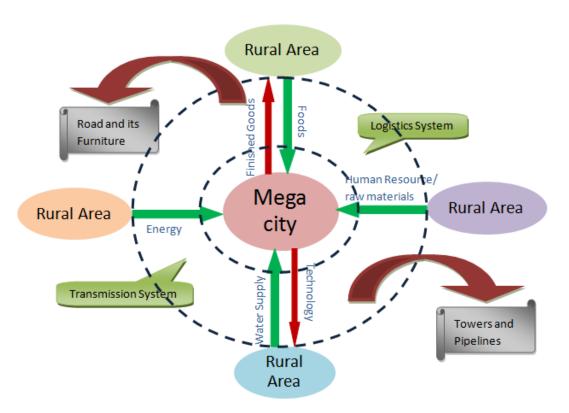
To make sure all Stakeholders have the Same Vision

THE OUTPUT

- Vision and Mission
- Main Targets and Main Issues
- Policy and Strategy
- Road Map
- Action Plan

The Innovation

related to New Urban Agenda (NUA)?



"Urban-Rural Linkage"

"Each region has a role to take care of each other and help to create sustainable development"

Empowering

Provide trainings to people whom living in rural areas, It will **prepare** them better for the jobs they seek when migrating to an **urban area** or improve their productivity



Grant for rural area

Providing grant for training, vocational education, Building production centre for agriculture







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